

5-Step® Animal Welfare Rating Program Audit Prep Tool

Pigs v2.3

When Should I Use the Audit Prep Tool?

The purpose of this tool is to provide pig producers with a simple checklist to help identify where farms may have issues with compliance to the GAP 5-Step[®] Program for Pigs. While this Audit Prep Tool covers many of the key requirements in our Pig Standards, it does not cover every standard. Using this tool does not guarantee that you will pass an audit, but should help you prepare for one. This tool can be used if you are preparing for a new audit or if you are getting ready for a renewal audit. Being prepared for the audit helps to identify and resolve issues before the auditor visits your operation, which in turn, helps the certification process go more smoothly.

Who Should Complete It?

Since this Audit Prep Tool was designed to help you get organized for your audit, it would be most beneficial if it were completed by the person(s) responsible for managing the operation and/or an animal caretaker.

How Do I Use this Document?

This tool has been divided into sections so that you only need to focus on the sections relevant to your operation. The first section covers the core requirements for ALL Step levels. From there, the document is divided up by Step level — this allows you to skip to the section that's relevant to the level you're looking to be certified to. As well, if you're looking to move up the Steps, this tool can be used to help identify what your operation would need to do. Finally, we have provided a checklist for written records and documents that you'll need to have. The auditor will be looking for these documents during the audit, so if you're missing any, please check the Pigs area of our website for templates to get you started.

How Do I Know if My Operation Might Have Issues with Compliance?

If you tick the shaded green boxes, then there is a good chance that you are in compliance with the Standard. In certain circumstances, a specific standard may not apply to your system, in which case you will also have the option to tick the 'NA' box. If you tick any non-shaded boxes, or are uncertain about any of the questions, we recommend reviewing our resources in the Pig area of the GAP website or checking in with your certifier for additional help before scheduling the audit.

Where Can I Get More Help?

You can find additional information, including additional resources and templates, on the Pig area of the GAP website. If you have any questions, feel free to reach out to your certifier or the Farm Animal Welfare team (standards@globalanimalpartnership.org) at GAP.

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Requirements for ALL Steps

All operations, no matter which Step level you are applying for, should complete this section.

		Yes	No	NA
1 ANII	MAL SOURCE AND HEALTH			
1.1	Source/Breed			
1.1.1	Do you have genetically modified or cloned pigs?	0	0	
1.1.2	Do you do embryo transfer?	0	0	0
1.1.5	If you buy pigs (either market or breeding pigs), do you buy them through:			
	a. Direct farm-to-farm sales	0	0	0
	b. Video auctions	0	0	0
	c. Sale or auction barns	0	0	0
	If you buy market pigs, do you get them from 5-Step certified operations?	0	0	
1.2	Medication			
1.2.1	If a pig is treated with antibiotics, ionophores, beta agonists, growth hormones, and/or	0	0	
	sulpha drugs, do you sell it to non-GAP markets?			
1.2.5	Do you check your medication cabinet regularly and make sure expired medication is	0	0	
	disposed of?			
1.3	Treatment			
1.3.1	If you find a sick or injured pig, do you treat it within 24 hours?	0	0	
1.3.4	If a pig has a body condition score(BCS) $< 2^*$, do you make changes to the way you feed it?	0	0	0
	If a pig with a BCS < 2* does not improve, do you euthanize it?	0	0	0
	*see Appendix I in the Pig Standards			
1.3.6	If a pig has a hernia larger than a grapefruit, do you euthanize it on-farm?	0	0	0
1.3.7	If internal or external parasites are a problem on your farm, do you have a control program	0	0	0
	in place?	O		
1.3.8	Do you use products (e.g. sprays for external parasites) that contain organophosphates on	0	0	
	pigs?			
1.4	On-Farm Euthanasia			
1.4.1	Are the people who perform euthanasia trained?	0	0	
1.4.2	When you find a pig that needs to be euthanized, is it done on the same day?	0	0	
1.4.5	Does the person euthanizing pigs stay with them until they are sure they are dead?	0	0	
1.4.7	Once you've euthanized a pig, do you take it out of the pen right away?	0	0	
1.4.8	Do you euthanized <i>piglets 12 lbs (5.5 kg) or smaller</i> using:			
	a. Gunshot to the head	0	0	0
	b. Non-penetrating captive bolt	0	0	0
	c. Anesthetic overdose	0	0	0
	a. Penetrating captive bolt	0	0	
	b. Blunt force trauma	0	0	
	c. Other	0	0	
	Do you euthanized <i>pigs larger than 12 lbs (5.5 kg)</i> using:		_	
	a. Gunshot to the head	0	0	0
	b. Penetrating captive bolt	0	0	0 0
	c. Anesthetic overdose	0	0	
	a. Non-penetrating captive boltb. Blunt force trauma	0	0	
	c. Other	0	0	
	C. Other			

		Yes	No	NA
2 ANIM	AL CARE AND MANAGEMENT			
2.1	Daily Herd Management			
2.1.1	Do you walk through to check each group of pigs twice a day?	0	0	
2.1.2	If you find a dead pig, do you take it out of the pen right away?	0	0	
2.2	Body Condition			
2.2.1	Do all pigs have a BCS of 2* or higher?			
		0	0	
	*see <u>Appendix I in the Pig Standards</u>			
2.3	Handling	_		
2.3.4	Do you use electric prods?	0	0	
2.5	De-tusking and Trimming			
2.5.1	Do you de-tusk boars?	0	0	0
2.5.2	If you trim tusks, do you take off just the tip?	0	0	0
2.5.3	If you trim tusks, do you use bolt cutters or similar chopping devices?	0	0	0
2.6	Tail Docking			
2.6.1	Do you dock (or tip) tails?	0	0	0
2.6.2	If tail biting is ever an issue on your operation, do you make management changes right			
	away?	0	0	0
2.8	Nose Ringing			
2.8.1	Do your market pigs have nose rings?	0	0	
2.9	Animal Identification			
2.9.1	Can you uniquely identify each of your breeding pigs? (e.g., using tags, unique	0	0	
	markings/colorings, etc.)	O		0
2.9.2	Do pigs have more than 1 dangle ear tag in each ear?	0	0	0
2.12	Crates, Stalls and Tethers			
2.12.1	Do you have farrowing crates on your operation (even if they are not in use)?	0	0	
2.12.2	Do you have gestation stalls on your operation (even if they are not in use)?	0	0	
2.12.3	Do you tether/tie up pigs?	0	0	
2.12.5	If you use stalls for AI or preg-checks, do sows stay in them for more than 4 hrs?	0	0	0
2.14	Mortality (does not include stillborns or pigs that have been culled)			
2.14.2	On average, does pre-weaning mortality exceed 15%?	0	0	0
2.14.3	On average, does post-weaning mortality exceed:			
2.14.4	a. For farrow to finish systems: 4%	0	0	0
2.14.5	b. For nursery systems: 2%	0	0	0
	c. For finishing systems: 2%	0	0	0
2.14.6	On average, does breeding herd mortality exceed 3%?	0	0	0
2.16	Weaning Age			
2.16.6	If you have to wean piglets early, do you do it:			
	a. For ease of management	0	0	0
	b. When the welfare of the sow or piglets is at risk	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
3 FEED	AND WATER			
3.1	Water Availability			
3.1.1	Do all pigs have continuous access to water?	0	0	
3.1.2	If you use a wet-dry feeding system, does each pen have at least 1 additional drinker?	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
3.1.3	Do you check/clean waterers daily?	0	0	
3.2	Feeding Requirements			
3.2.1	Are all pigs fed daily?	0	0	
3.2.4	Do you give piglets concentrate feed by 21 days of age?	0	0	0
3.2.5	Do you give market pigs ad-libitum access to feed during daylight hours?	0	0	0
3.2.8	Do all pigs* have access to edible forage every day? (e.g., straw, hay, crop stubble, pasture, root vegetables, silage, baylage, haylage, and corn stalks)	0	0	
	*with the exception of unweaned piglets			
3.4	Additives and Ingredients in Feed and Water			
3.4.1,	Does feed contain mammalian, avian, or fish by-products? (check feed labels)	0	0	0
3.4.2 <i>,</i> 3.4.3	Do feed supplements contain mammalian, avian, or fish by-products? (check feed labels)	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
4 HOUS	ING			
4.1	Bedding			
4.1.1	Is bedding provided in housing*?			
	*this includes indoor pens, hoop barns, outdoor shelters, huts, A-frames, Smidley huts, boar pens, farrowing pens and farrowing huts	0	0	
4.4	Lighting			
4.4.2	Do pigs have at least 8 hours of continuous darkness each night?	0	0	
4.5	Space Requirements For Market Pigs			
4.5.1	Do pigs have a separate lying, exercise, feeding, and dunging area?	0	0	
	Are all lying areas bedded and under shelter?	0	0	
4.6	Space Requirements For Boars			
4.6.1	Are boars weighing less than 350 lb (159 kg) given at least is 48 ft ² (4.50 m ²) per boar?	0	0	0
4.6.2	Are boars weighing 350 lb (159 kg) or more given at least is 64 ft ² (5.90 m ²) per boar?	0	0	0
4.7	Space Requirements For Farrowing Sows & Gilts			
4.7.1, 4.7.2	If you have an individual farrowing pens/huts system, does each sow/gilt have at least 48 ft² (4.50 m²) of farrowing space?	0	0	0
4.7.3	If you have a group farrowing system, does each sow/gilt have at least and at least:			
	a. 48 ft² (4.50 m²) of total space	0	0	0
	b. 35 ft ² (3.30 m ²) of farrowing space	0	0	0
4.8	Additional Provisions For Farrowing Sows		1	
4.8.1	Do farrowing areas have a protected getaway area for piglets?	0	0	0
4.8.2	Are farrowing sows and gilts given nest building materials (e.g., stray, hay, cornstalks)?	0	0	0
	Do you give it to them least 3 days before the farrowing date?	0	0	0
4.9	Space Requirements for Bred Gilts and Gestating Sows			
4.9.1	Are bred gilts and gestating sows given a lying area that is at least 16 ft ² (1.50 m ²)?	0	0	0
	Is this area bedded and under shelter?	0	0	0

	Yes	No	NA
5 OUTDOOR ACCESS AND PASTURE			
These questions will be covered later in the additional questions for individual Step-levels.			

		Yes	No	NA
6 RODE	ENT AND PREDATOR CONTROL			
6.1	Rodent Control Program			
	☐ If you do not consider rodents a problem on your operation, check this box and move to t	he Sec	tion 6.	.2
6.1.2	Does your rodent control program include:			
	a. Methods that only target rodents	0	0	0
	b. An assessment of different methods of lethal control	0	0	0
	c. Traps that are species specific, appropriately located, and designed to cause rapid	0	0	0
	death (if used)			
	d. Licensed rodenticides used only in areas where traps will be ineffective	0	0	0
6.2	Predator Control			
	☐ If you do not consider predators a problem on your operation, check this box and move to	o the S	ection	7
6.2.1	If predators are a problem, is there a control program in place?	0	0	0
6.2.2	Is non-lethal exclusion your first level of predator control?	0	0	0
6.2.3	If you must use lethal methods to control predators, is it completed:			
	a. With a fire arm	0	0	0
	b. By a skilled shooter	0	0	0
	c. And the shot kills immediately	0	0	0
6.2.4	Do you use poisons, drowning, snares, or any trap besides a live trap?	0	0	

		Yes	No	NA
7 TRAN	ISPORT (i.e., any animal movement off of the operation or on/around the operation for longer	than 2	2 hour	s)
7.1	Water and Feed Withdrawal			
7.1.1	Is water continuously available until loading begins?	0	0	
7.1.2	Is feed provided until at least 8 hours before loading?	0	0	
7.3	Loading/Unloading			
7.3.3	Does the loading/unloading crew use electric prods?	0	0	

		Yes	No	NA
8 COLLE	CTION POINTS/ASSEMBLY YARDS			
8.1	Certification			
8.1.1	If you utilize a collection point, is it GAP certified?	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
9 PLANS	, PROTOCOLS, PROCEDURES, TRAINING, RECORDS AND TRACEABILITY			
9.3	Alternative Power Supply			
9.3.1	If your operation requires power for heating, cooling, ventilation, watering, or feeding			
	systems, do you have:			
	a. An alternative power supply	0	0	0
	b. A way to be notified if there is power failure	0	0	0
9.4	Training			
9.4.1	Do you have a training program for all pig caregivers that:			
	a. Is written and/or hands-on	0	0	
	b. Is presented in employees' language	0	0	
	c. Describes normal and abnormal pig behavior	0	0	
	d. Covers individual's responsibilities	0	0	
	e. Covers emergency procedures	0	0	

		Yes	No	NA
	f. Is provided before the individual handles pigs	0	0	
	g. Covers the GAP pig standards	0	0	
	h. Is on-going	0	0	
9.7	General Records Requirements			
9.7.1,	Are all records and documents listed in the "Records and Documents" section of this Audit			
9.7.2	Prep Tool organized and ready for the auditor to review?)	
9.7.3	Do you keep all records, reports, and GAP certificates for at least 15 months?	0	0	

	Yes	No	NA
10 SLAUGHTER REQUIREMENTS			
10.1 General Requirements			
Does your slaughter facility have a current third-party animal welfare audit certificate on file? (you may have to contact your slaughter facility, producer group, co-operative, or other marketing entity to get this information)	0	0	

Additional Step 1 Requirements

Only operations aiming to achieve a Step 1 rating should fill out this section. If you plan to apply for a different Steprating, you can jump to the Requirements section for the associated Step level.

		Yes	No	NA
2 ANIM	AL CARE AND MANAGEMENT			
2.4	Castration and Spaying			
2.4.1	Are piglets castrated at 10 days of age or younger?	0	0	0
2.4.3,	Do you castrate using:			
2.4.4	a. A scalpel or razor blade	0	0	0
	b. Surgical scissors	0	0	0
	c. Side cutters/twine clippers	0	0	0
2.7	Teeth Clipping			
2.7.1	Do you clip teeth?	0	0	0
2.7.2	If you grind or file milk/eye/needle teeth, is it done:			
2.7.3	a. Routinely	0	0	0
	b. On individual litters that are injuring each other of the sow	0	0	0
2.8	Nose Ringing			
2.8.2	Do sows have disk rings?	0	0	0
2.8.4	If sows have septum rings, does any sow have more than one in her nose?	0	0	0
2.8.5	If a sow has a septum ring and it falls out, do you put it back in?	0	0	0
2.9	Animal Identification			
2.9.4	If you ear notch, is it done before piglets are 10 days old?	0	0	0
2.15	Lameness			
2.15.2	On average, does lameness* affect more than 5% of the herd?			
		0	0	
	*see <u>Appendix II in the Pig Standards</u>			
2.16	Weaning Age			
2.16.2	Are piglets at least 28 days of age at weaning?	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
4 HOUSI	NG			
4.2	Flooring			
4.2.1	If you have slatted floors in housing, does it account for more than 25% of the total pen area?	0	0	0
4.4	Lighting			
4.4.1	Are light levels in housing at least 50 lux during the day?	0	0	
4.5	Space Requirements For Market Pigs			
4.5.2	Is each nursery pig up to 35 lb (15 kg) given at least:			
	a. 4.5 ft ² (0.42 m ²) of total space	0	0	0
	b. 3.5 ft ² (0.33 m ²) of the total space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0
4.5.6	Is each nursery pig between 36 lb (16 kg) and 55 lb (25 kg) given at least:			
	a. 6 ft ² (0.56 m ²) of total space	0	0	0
	b. 4.5 ft ² (0.42 m ² of the total space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0
4.5.10	Is each market pig between 56 lb (26 kg) and 112 lb (50 kg) given at least:			
	a. 7 ft ² (0.65 m ²) of total space	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
	b. 5.25 ft ² (0.49 m ²) of the total space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0
4.5.14	Is each market pig larger than 112 lb (50 kg) given at least:			
	a. $10 \text{ ft}^2 (0.93 \text{ m}^2) \text{ of total space}$	0	0	0
	b. 7.5 ft ² (0.70 m ²) of the total space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0
4.9	Space Requirements for Bred Gilts and Gestating Sows			
4.9.2	In addition to the 16 ft 2 (1.50 m 2) lying area, is each bred gilt given an additional 8 ft 2 (0.74 m 2) for exercise, feeding, and dunging?	0	0	0
4.9.4	In addition to the 16 ft 2 (1.50 m 2) lying area, is each gestating sow given an additional 16 ft 2 (1.50 m 2) for exercise, feeding, and dunging?	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
7 TRANS	SPORT (i.e., any animal movement off of the operation or on/around the operation for longer	than 2	hours	5)
7.4	Transport and Loading Equipment			
7.4.3	Do ramp slopes for the first trailer deck have more than a 20-degree incline?	0	0	
7.4.6	During transport, is each pig given at least the following amount of space?			
	a. Pigs averaging 12 lbs (5.4 kg): 0.65 ft ² (0.06 m ²)	0	0	0
	b. Pigs averaging 50 lbs (22.7 kg): 1.53 ft ² (0.14 m ²)	0	0	0
	c. Pigs averaging 100 lbs (45.4 kg): 2.32 ft ² (0.22 m ²)	0	0	0
	d. Pigs averaging 150 lbs (68.0 kg): 2.95 ft ² (0.27 m ²)	0	0	0
	e. Pigs averaging 200 lbs (90.7 kg): 3.48 ft ² (0.32 m ²)	0	0	0
	f. Pigs averaging 250 lbs (113.4 kg): 4.26 ft ² (0.40 m ²)	0	0	0
	g. Pigs averaging 300 lbs (136.1 kg): 4.79 ft ² (0.44 m ²)	0	0	0
	h. Pigs averaging 350 lbs (158.8 kg): 5.48 ft ² (0.51 m ²)	0	0	0
	i. Pigs averaging 400 lbs (181.4 kg): 6.39 ft ² (0.59 m ²)	0	0	0
	*This can be calculated by measuring the length and width of the floor inside the trailer.			
	Multiply the two numbers to get the total area provided (if there are multiples levels in a			
	trailer, calculate the space for each level and add them together). Next, divide the total area			
	by the number of pigs you place in the trailer. This will give you the amount of space provided			
	for each pig.			
7.5	Transport Personnel Responsibilities and Procedures			
7.5.4	If the truck picks up animals from other operations in addition to yours, is there a separate	0	0	0
	delivery note for your operation?)		
7.6	Transport Duration			
7.6.1	Does transport take longer than 16 hours?	0	0	

Additional Step 2 Requirements

Only operations aiming to achieve a Step 2 rating should fill out this section. If you plan to apply for a different Steprating, you can jump to the Requirements section for the associated Step level.

		Yes	No	NA
2 ANIM	AL CARE AND MANAGEMENT			
2.4	Castration and Spaying			
2.4.1	Are piglets castrated at 10 days of age or younger?	0	0	0
2.4.3,	Do you castrate using:			
2.4.4	a. A scalpel or razor blade	0	0	0
	b. Surgical scissors	0	0	0
	c. Side cutters/twine clippers	0	0	0
2.7	Teeth Clipping			
2.7.1	Do you clip teeth?	0	0	0
2.7.2	If you grind or file milk/eye/needle teeth, is it done:			
2.7.3	a. Routinely	0	0	0
	b. On individual litters that are injuring each other of the sow	0	0	0
2.8	Nose Ringing			
2.8.2	Do sows have disk rings?	0	0	0
2.8.4	If sows have septum rings, does any sow have more than one in her nose?	0	0	0
2.8.5	If a sow has a septum ring and it falls out, do you put it back in?	0	0	0
2.9	Animal Identification			
2.9.4	If you ear notch, is it done before piglets are 10 days old?	0	0	0
2.15	Lameness			
2.15.3	On average, does lameness* affect more than 4% of the herd?			
		0	0	
	*see <u>Appendix II in the Pig Standards</u>			
2.16	Weaning Age			
2.16.3	Are piglets at least 35 days of age at weaning?	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
4 HOUS	ING			
4.2	Flooring			
4.2.1	If you have slatted floors in housing, does it account for more than 25% of the total pen area?	0	0	0
4.4	Lighting			
4.4.1	Are light levels in housing at least 50 lux during the day?	0	0	
4.5	Space Requirements For Market Pigs			
4.5.2	Is each nursery pig up to 35 lb (15 kg) given at least:			
	a. 4.5 ft ² (0.42 m ²) of total space	0	0	0
	b. 3.5 ft ² (0.33 m ²) of the total space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0
4.5.6	Is each nursery pig between 36 lb (16 kg) and 55 lb (25 kg) given at least:			
	a. 6 ft² (0.56 m²) of total space	0	0	0
	b. 4.5 ft ² (0.42 m ² of the total space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0
4.5.10	Is each market pig between 56 lb (26 kg) and 112 lb (50 kg) given at least:			
	a. 7 ft² (0.65 m²)) of total space	O	O	O

		Yes	No	NA	
	b. 5.25 ft ² (0.49 m ²) of the total space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0	
4.5.15	Is each market pig larger than 112 lb (50 kg) given at least:				
	a. 12 ft^2 (1.1 m ²) of total space	0	0	0	
	b. 7.5 ft ² (0.70 m ²) of the total space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0	
4.9	Space Requirements for Bred Gilts and Gestating Sows				
4.9.3;	In addition to the 16 ft ² (1.50 m ²) lying area, is each bred gilt and gestating sow given an	0	0	0	
4.9.4	additional 16 ft ² (1.50 m ²) for exercise, feeding, and dunging?				
4.10	Environmental Enrichments				
4.10.1	Do you give pigs enrichments*?				
		0			
	*materials that encourage pigs to root, explore, play, etc; e.g., long straw, hay, silage,				
	woodchips, branches, whole crop peas or barley, compost, peat, sisal ropes				
4.10.3	Are there enough enrichments so that all pigs can use them?	0	0		
4.10.4	Do you provide enrichments to all pigs in housing*?				
		0	0		
	*With the exception of farrowing sows and sows with unweaned piglets				
4.10.5	If enrichments break down or are used up over time, do you replace them?	0	0		

		Yes	No	NA	
7 TRANSPORT (i.e., any animal movement off of the operation or on/around the operation for longer that					
7.4	Transport and Loading Equipment				
7.4.3	Do ramp slopes for the first trailer deck have more than a 20-degree incline?	0	0		
7.4.6	During transport, is each pig given at least the following about of space?				
	a. Pigs averaging 12 lbs (5.4 kg): 0.65 ft ² (0.06 m ²)	0	0	0	
	b. Pigs averaging 50 lbs (22.7 kg): 1.53 ft ² (0.14 m ²)	0	0	0	
	c. Pigs averaging 100 lbs (45.4 kg): 2.32 ft ² (0.22 m ²)	0	0	0	
	d. Pigs averaging 150 lbs (68.0 kg): 2.95 ft ² (0.27 m ²)	0	0	0	
	e. Pigs averaging 200 lbs (90.7 kg): 3.48 ft ² (0.32 m ²)	0	0	0	
	f. Pigs averaging 250 lbs (113.4 kg): 4.26 ft ² (0.40 m ²)	0	0	0	
	g. Pigs averaging 300 lbs (136.1 kg): 4.79 ft ² (0.44 m ²)	0	0	0	
	h. Pigs averaging 350 lbs (158.8 kg): 5.48 ft ² (0.51 m ²)	0	0	0	
	i. Pigs averaging 400 lbs (181.4 kg): 6.39 ft ² (0.59 m ²)	0	0	0	
	*This can be calculated by measuring the length and width of the floor inside the trailer.				
	Multiply the two numbers to get the total area provided (if there are multiples levels in a				
	trailer, calculate the space for each level and add them together). Next, divide the total area				
	by the number of pigs you place in the trailer. This will give you the amount of space provided				
	for each pig.				
7.5	Transport Personnel Responsibilities and Procedures				
7.5.4	If the truck picks up animals from other operations in addition to yours, is there a separate	0	С	0	
	delivery note for your operation?)			
7.6	Transport Duration				
7.6.1	Does transport take longer than 16 hours?	0	0		

Additional Step 3 Requirements

Only operations aiming to achieve a Step 3 rating should fill out this section. If you plan to apply for a different Steprating, you can jump to the Requirements section for the associated Step level.

		Yes	No	NA
2 ANIM	AL CARE AND MANAGEMENT			
2.4	Castration and Spaying			
2.4.1	Are piglets castrated at 10 days of age or younger?	0	0	0
2.4.3,	Do you castrate using:			
2.4.4	a. A scalpel or razor blade	0	0	0
	b. Surgical scissors	0	0	0
	c. Side cutters/twine clippers	0	0	0
2.7	Teeth Clipping	1		
2.7.1	Do you clip teeth?	0	0	0
2.7.2	If you grind or file milk/eye/needle teeth, is it done:			
2.7.3	a. Routinely	0	0	0
	b. On individual litters that are injuring each other of the sow	0	0	0
2.8	Nose Ringing	1		
2.8.2	Do sows have disk rings?	0	0	0
2.8.4	If sows have septum rings, does any sow have more than one in her nose?	0	0	0
2.8.5	If a sow has a septum ring and it falls out, do you put it back in?	0	0	0
2.9	Animal Identification			
2.9.4	If you ear notch, is it done before piglets are 10 days old?	0	0	0
2.11	Thermal Comfort			
2.11.2	Do pigs have shade in outdoor areas?	0	0	
2.11.3	If temperatures rise above 70°F (21°C), do give pigs a way to stay cool? (e.g., wallows,	0	0	0
	showers, or sprinklers)			
2.15	Lameness			
2.15.4	On average, does lameness* affect more than 3% of the herd?			
		0	0	
	*see <u>Appendix II in the Pig Standards</u>			
2.16	Weaning Age			
2.16.4	Are piglets at least 42 days of age at weaning?	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
4 HOUS	ING			
4.2	Flooring			
4.2.1	If you have slatted floors in housing, does it account for more than 25% of the total pen area?	0	0	0
4.4	Lighting			
4.4.1	Are light levels in housing at least 50 lux during the day?	0	0	
4.5	Space Requirements For Market Pigs			
4.5.3	Is each nursery pig up to 35 lb (15 kg) given at least: a. 3.5 ft² (0.33 m²) of space that is bedded and under shelter b. 1.5 ft² (0.14 m²) of outdoor space	00	0	0 0

			Yes	No	NA
4.5.7	Is each nur	sery pig between 36 lb (16 kg) and 55 lb (25 kg) given at least:			
	a. 4.5	of t ² (0.42 m ²) of space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0
	b. 1.5	of ft ² (0.14 m ²) of outdoor space	0	0	0
4.5.11	Is each ma	rket pig between 56 lb (26 kg) and 112 lb (50 kg) given at least:			
	a. 5.2	25 ft ² (0.49 m ²) of space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0
	b. 1.7	'5 ft² (0.16 m²) of outdoor space	0	0	0
4.5.16	Is each market pig larger than 112 lb (50 kg) given at least:				
	a. 9 f	t ² (0.84 m ²) of space that is bedded and under shelter	0	0	0
	b. 6 f	t ² (0.56 m ²) of outdoor space	0	0	0
4.9	Space Requ	uirements for Bred Gilts and Gestating Sows			
4.9.5	In addition to the 16 ft ² (1.50 m ²) lying area, is each bred gilt and gestating sow given at least				0
	40 ft ² (3.70	10 ft ² (3.70 m ²) for exercise, feeding, and dunging?		0	O
	If yes,	Is at least 20 ft ² (1.90 m ²) of this space outdoors?	0	0	0
4.10	Environme	ntal Enrichments			
4.10.1	Do you give	e pigs enrichments* in indoor areas?			
			0		
		that encourage pigs to root, explore, play, etc; e.g., long straw, hay, silage,			
	woodchips,	branches, whole crop peas or barley, compost, peat, sisal ropes			
4.10.3	Are there e	enough enrichments so that all pigs can use them?	0	0	
4.10.4	Do you pro	vide enrichments to all pigs in housing*?			
			0	0	
	*With the	exception of farrowing sows and sows with unweaned piglets			
4.10.5	If enrichme	ents break down or are used up over time, do you replace them?	0	0	

		Yes	No	NA
5 OUT	OOR ACCESS AND PASTURE			
5.3	Environmental Enrichments			
5.3.1	Do you give pigs enrichments in outdoor areas?	0	0	
5.4	Housing for Systems with Outdoor and/or Pasture Access			
5.4.1	Do all pigs have continuous access to housing or shelter?	0	0	
5.5	Outdoor and/or Pasture Access			
5.5.1	Do pigs over 2 weeks of age have continuous access to the outdoors during the day?	0	0	

		Yes	No	NA
7 TRAN	SPORT (i.e., any animal movement off of the operation or on/around the operation for longer	than 2	hours	s)
7.4	Transport and Loading Equipment			
7.4.3	Do ramp slopes for the first trailer deck have more than a 20-degree incline?	0	0	
7.4.6	During transport, is each pig given at least the following about of space?			
	a. Pigs averaging 12 lbs (5.4 kg): 0.65 ft ² (0.06 m ²)	0	0	0
	b. Pigs averaging 50 lbs (22.7 kg): 1.53 ft ² (0.14 m ²)	0	0	0
	c. Pigs averaging 100 lbs (45.4 kg): 2.32 ft ² (0.22 m ²)	0	0	0
	d. Pigs averaging 150 lbs (68.0 kg): 2.95 ft ² (0.27 m ²)	0	0	0
	e. Pigs averaging 200 lbs (90.7 kg): 3.48 ft ² (0.32 m ²)	0	0	0
	f. Pigs averaging 250 lbs (113.4 kg): 4.26 ft ² (0.40 m ²)	0	0	0
	g. Pigs averaging 300 lbs (136.1 kg): 4.79 ft ² (0.44 m ²)	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
	h. Pigs averaging 350 lbs (158.8 kg): 5.48 ft ² (0.51 m ²)	0	0	0
	i. Pigs averaging 400 lbs (181.4 kg): 6.39 ft ² (0.59 m ²)	0	0	0
	*This can be calculated by measuring the length and width of the floor inside the trailer. Multiply the two numbers to get the total area provided (if there are multiples levels in a trailer, calculate the space for each level and add them together). Next, divide the total area by the number of pigs you place in the trailer. This will give you the amount of space provided for each pig.			
7.5	Transport Personnel Responsibilities and Procedures			
7.5.4	If the truck picks up animals from other operations in addition to yours, is there a separate delivery note for your operation?	0	0	0
7.6	Transport Duration			
7.6.1	Does transport take longer than 16 hours?	0	0	

Additional Step 4 Requirements

Only operations aiming to achieve a Step 4 rating should fill out this section. If you plan to apply for a different Steprating, you can jump to the Requirements section for the associated Step level.

		Yes	No	NA
2 ANIM	AL CARE AND MANAGEMENT			
2.4	Castration and Spaying			
2.4.1	Are piglets castrated at 10 days of age or younger?	0	0	0
2.4.3,	Do you castrate using:			
2.4.4	a. A scalpel or razor blade	0	0	0
	b. Surgical scissors	0	0	0
	c. Side cutters/twine clippers	0	0	0
2.7	Teeth Clipping			
2.7.1	Do you clip teeth?	0	0	0
2.7.2	If you grind or file milk/eye/needle teeth, is it done:			
2.7.3	a. Routinely	0	0	0
	b. On individual litters that are injuring each other of the sow	0	0	0
2.8	Nose Ringing			
2.8.2	Do sows have disk rings?	0	0	0
2.8.4	If sows have septum rings, does any sow have more than one in her nose?	0	0	0
2.8.5	If a sow has a septum ring and it falls out, do you put it back in?	0	0	0
2.9	Animal Identification			
2.9.4	If you ear notch, is it done before piglets are 10 days old?	0	0	0
2.11	Thermal Comfort			
2.11.2	Do pigs have shade in outdoor areas?	0	0	
2.11.4	If temperatures rise above 70°F (21°C), do pigs have access to wallows?	0	0	0
2.15	Lameness			
2.15.5	On average, does lameness* affect more than 2% of the herd?			
		0	0	
	*see <u>Appendix II in the Pig Standards</u>			
2.16	Weaning Age			
2.16.4	Are piglets at least 42 days of age at weaning?	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
4 HOUS	ING			
4.2	Flooring			
4.2.1	If you have slatted floors in housing, does it account for more than 25% of the total pen area?	0	0	0
4.4	Lighting			
4.4.1	Are light levels in housing at least 50 lux during the day?	0	0	
4.5	Space Requirements For Market Pigs			
4.5.4, 4.5.8,	Is each pig given at least the following amount of lying space (that is bedded and under shelter)			
4.5.12, 4.5.17	 a. Nursery pig up to 35 lb (15 kg): 3.5 ft² (0.33 m²) b. Nursery pig between 36 lb (16 kg) and 55 lb (25 kg): 4.5 ft² (0.42 m²) c. Market pig between 56 lb (26 kg) and 112 lb (50 kg): 5.25 ft² (0.49 m²) 	0 0 0	0 0 0	000

		Yes	No	NA
	d. Market pig larger than 112 lb (50 kg): 9 ft² (0.84 m²)	0	0	0
4.5.18	If market pigs are removed from pasture during bad weather, is each given at least:			
	a. 9 ft ² (0.84 m ²) for exercise, feeding, and dunging	0	0	0
	b. 6 ft ² (0.56 m ²) that is outdoors	0	0	0
4.9	Space Requirements for Bred Gilts and Gestating Sows			
4.9.6	If bred gilts or gestating sows are removed from pasture during bad weather, is each given			
	at least*:			
	a. 40 ft ² (3.70 m ²) for exercise, feeding, and dunging	0	0	0
	b. 20 ft ² (1.90 m ²) that is outdoors	0	0	0
	*This is in addition to the 16 ft ² (1.50 m ²) lying area required in Standard 4.9.1			
4.10	Environmental Enrichments			
4.10.1	Do you give pigs enrichments* in indoor areas?			
		C	0	
	*materials that encourage pigs to root, explore, play, etc; e.g., long straw, hay, silage,			
	woodchips, branches, whole crop peas or barley, compost, peat, sisal ropes			
4.10.3	Are there enough enrichments so that all pigs can use them?	0	0	
4.10.4	Do you provide enrichments to all pigs in housing*?		_	
		0	0	
	*With the exception of farrowing sows and sows with unweaned piglets		_	
4.10.5	If enrichments break down or are used up over time, do you replace them?	0	0	

		Yes	No	NA
5 OUT	DOOR ACCESS AND PASTURE			
5.2	Pasture Conditions			
5.2.1	Is at least 25% of the outdoor area covered with grass, forage, or other naturally growing vegetation?	0	0	
5.3	Environmental Enrichments			
5.3.2	If pigs are removed from pasture during bad weather, do you give them enrichments in outdoor areas?	0	0	
5.4	Housing for Systems with Outdoor and/or Pasture Access			
5.4.1	Do all pigs have continuous access to housing or shelter?	0	0	
5.5	Outdoor and/or Pasture Access			
5.5.2	Do pigs over 2 weeks of age have continuous access to pasture?	0	0	
5.6	Removal from Pasture Areas			
5.6.1	Do you remove pigs from pasture:			
	a. For ease of management	0	0	0
	b. When weather conditions pose a risk for pigs	0	0	0
	If pigs are removed from pasture, do they still have access to an outdoor area during the day?	0	0	0
5.6.2	Are pigs removed from pasture for more than 5 months in a year?	0	0	

		Yes	No	NA
7 TRAN	SPORT (i.e., any animal movement off of the operation or on/around the operation for longer	than 2	hours	s)
7.4	Transport and Loading Equipment			
7.4.3	Do ramp slopes for the first trailer deck have more than a 20-degree incline?	0	0	
7.4.6	During transport, is each pig given at least the following about of space?			
	a. Pigs averaging 12 lbs (5.4 kg): 0.65 ft ² (0.06 m ²)	0	0	0
	b. Pigs averaging 50 lbs (22.7 kg): 1.53 ft ² (0.14 m ²)	0	0	0
	c. Pigs averaging 100 lbs (45.4 kg): 2.32 ft ² (0.22 m ²)	0	0	0
	d. Pigs averaging 150 lbs (68.0 kg): 2.95 ft ² (0.27 m ²)	0	0	0
	e. Pigs averaging 200 lbs (90.7 kg): 3.48 ft ² (0.32 m ²)	0	0	0
	f. Pigs averaging 250 lbs (113.4 kg): 4.26 ft ² (0.40 m ²)	0	0	0
	g. Pigs averaging 300 lbs (136.1 kg): 4.79 ft ² (0.44 m ²)	0	0	0
	h. Pigs averaging 350 lbs (158.8 kg): 5.48 ft ² (0.51 m ²)	0	0	0
	i. Pigs averaging 400 lbs (181.4 kg): 6.39 ft ² (0.59 m ²)	0	0	0
	*This can be calculated by measuring the length and width of the floor inside the trailer. Multiply the two numbers to get the total area provided (if there are multiples levels in a trailer, calculate the space for each level and add them together). Next, divide the total area by the number of pigs you place in the trailer. This will give you the amount of space provided for each pig.			
7.5	Transport Personnel Responsibilities and Procedures			•
7.5.4	If the truck picks up animals from other operations in addition to yours, is there a separate delivery note for your operation?	0	0	0
7.6	Transport Duration			
7.6.1	Does transport take longer than 16 hours?	0	0	

Additional Step 5 Requirements

Only operations aiming to achieve a Step 5 rating should fill out this section. If you plan to apply for a different Steprating, you can jump to the Requirements section for the associated Step level.

		Yes	No	NA
2 ANIM	AL CARE AND MANAGEMENT			
2.4	Castration and Spaying			
2.4.2	Do you castrate?	0	0	0
2.7	Teeth Clipping			
2.7.1, 2.7.2	Do you clip or routinely grind or file teeth?	0	0	0
2.8	Nose Ringing			
2.8.3	Do you use nose rings on breeding stock?	0	0	
2.9	Animal Identification			
2.9.5	Do you ear notch?	0	0	
2.11	Thermal Comfort			
2.11.2	Do pigs have shade in outdoor areas?	0	0	
2.11.4	If temperatures rise above 70°F (21°C), do pigs have access to wallows?	0	0	0
2.15	Lameness			
2.15.6	On average, does lameness* affect more than 1% of the herd?	0	0	
	*see <u>Appendix II in the Pig Standards</u>			
2.16	Weaning Age			
2.16.5	Are piglets at least 56 days of age at weaning?	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA		
4 HOUS	4 HOUSING					
4.5	Space Requirements For Market Pigs					
4.5.4,	Is each pig given at least the following amount of lying space (that is bedded and under					
4.5.8,	shelter)					
4.5.12,	a. Nursery pig up to 35 lb (15 kg): 3.5 ft ² (0.33 m ²)	0	0	0		
4.5.17	b. Nursery pig between 36 lb (16 kg) and 55 lb (25 kg): 4.5 ft ² (0.42 m ²)	0	0	0		
	c. Market pig between 56 lb (26 kg) and 112 lb (50 kg): 5.25 ft^2 (0.49 m ²)	0	0	0		
	d. Market pig larger than 112 lb (50 kg): 9 ft ² (0.84 m ²)	0	0	0		

		Yes	No	NA
5 OUTD	OOR ACCESS AND PASTURE			
5.2	Pasture Conditions			
5.2.2	Is at least 50% of the outdoor area covered with grass, forage, or other naturally growing vegetation?	0	0	
5.4	Housing for Systems with Outdoor and/or Pasture Access			
5.4.1	Do all pigs have continuous access to housing or shelter?	0	0	
5.5	Outdoor and/or Pasture Access			
5.5.3	Do all pigs live continuously on pasture?	0	0	
5.6	Removal from Pasture Areas			

		Yes	No	NA
5.6.3	Do pigs have access to pasture at all times?	0	0	0
5.6.4	If pigs need to be removed from pasture due to extreme weather, does it exceed:			
	a. 5 consecutive days	0	0	0
	b. 25 days throughout a calendar year	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
7 TRAN	SPORT (i.e., any animal movement off of the operation or on/around the operation for longer	than 2	hours	5)
7.4	Transport and Loading Equipment			
7.4.3	Do ramp slopes for the first trailer deck have more than a 20-degree incline?	0	0	
7.4.6	During transport, is each pig given at least the following about of space? a. Pigs averaging 12 lbs (5.4 kg): 0.65 ft² (0.06 m²) b. Pigs averaging 50 lbs (22.7 kg): 1.53 ft² (0.14 m²)	0 0	0	0 0
	c. Pigs averaging 100 lbs (45.4 kg): 2.32 ft² (0.22 m²) d. Pigs averaging 150 lbs (68.0 kg): 2.95 ft² (0.27 m²) e. Pigs averaging 200 lbs (90.7 kg): 3.48 ft² (0.32 m²) f. Pigs averaging 250 lbs (113.4 kg): 4.26 ft² (0.40 m²) g. Pigs averaging 300 lbs (136.1 kg): 4.79 ft² (0.44 m²) h. Pigs averaging 350 lbs (158.8 kg): 5.48 ft² (0.51 m²) i. Pigs averaging 400 lbs (181.4 kg): 6.39 ft² (0.59 m²) *This can be calculated by measuring the length and width of the floor inside the trailer. Multiply the two numbers to get the total area provided (if there are multiples levels in a trailer, calculate the space for each level and add them together). Next, divide the total area by the number of pigs you place in the trailer. This will give you the amount of space provided	000000	0000000	000000
7.5	for each pig. Transport Personnel Responsibilities and Procedures			
7.5.4	If the truck picks up animals from other operations in addition to yours, is there a separate delivery note for your operation?	0	0	0
7.6	Transport Duration			
7.6.1	Does transport take longer than 16 hours?	0	0	
7.8	Sale/Auction Barns			
7.8.1	Do you sell any pigs through sale or auction barns?	0	0	

		Yes	No	NA
9 PLAN	S, PROTOCOLS, PROCEDURES, TRAINING, RECORDS AND TRACEABILITY			
9.5	Other Commercial Animals on the Operation			
9.5.1	Are all other livestock animals on the operation managed according to GAP's Step 1 Standards or higher?	0	0	0
9.6	Domestic Animals on the Operation			
9.6.2	Are all domestic animals (e.g., dogs, cats, horses, goats, chickens, or any other animals on the operation, including both pets and working animals) on-farm given the following? a. Food and water b. An environment that do not cause them injury and allows for exercise and comfortable resting c. Veterinary attention, if required	0	0	0

Additional Step 5+ Requirements

Only operations aiming to achieve a Step 5+ rating should fill out this section. If you plan to apply for a different Steprating, you can jump to the Requirements section for the associated Step level.

		Yes	No	NA
2 ANIM	AL CARE AND MANAGEMENT			
2.4	Castration and Spaying			
2.4.2	Do you castrate?	0	0	0
2.7	Teeth Clipping			
2.7.1, 2.7.2	Do you clip or routinely grind or file teeth?	0	0	0
2.8	Nose Ringing			
2.8.3	Do you use nose rings?	0	0	
2.9	Animal Identification			
2.9.5	Do you ear notch?	0	0	
2.11	Thermal Comfort			
2.11.2	Do pigs have shade in outdoor areas?	0	0	
2.11.4	If temperatures rise above 70°F (21°C), do pigs have access to wallows?	0	0	0
2.15	Lameness			
2.15.6	On average, does lameness* affect more than 1% of the herd?	0	0	
	*see <u>Appendix II in the Pig Standards</u>			
2.16	Weaning Age			
2.16.5	Are piglets at least 56 days of age at weaning?	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA		
4 HOUS	4 HOUSING					
4.5	Space Requirements For Market Pigs					
4.5.4,	Is each pig given at least the following amount of lying space (that is bedded and under					
4.5.8,	shelter)					
4.5.12,	a. Nursery pig up to 35 lb (15 kg): 3.5 ft ² (0.33 m ²)	0	0	0		
4.5.17	b. Nursery pig between 36 lb (16 kg) and 55 lb (25 kg): 4.5 ft ² (0.42 m ²)	0	0	0		
	c. Market pig between 56 lb (26 kg) and 112 lb (50 kg): 5.25 ft² (0.49 m²)	0	0	0		
	d. Market pig larger than 112 lb (50 kg): 9 ft² (0.84 m²)	0	0	0		

		Yes	No	NA
5 OUTD	OOR ACCESS AND PASTURE			
5.2	Pasture Conditions			
5.2.2	Is at least 50% of the outdoor area covered with grass, forage, or other naturally growing vegetation?	0	0	
5.4	Housing for Systems with Outdoor and/or Pasture Access			
5.4.1	Do all pigs have continuous access to housing or shelter?	0	0	
5.5	Outdoor and/or Pasture Access			
5.5.3	Do all pigs live continuously on pasture?	0	0	
5.6	Removal from Pasture Areas			

		Yes	No	NA
5.6.3	Do pigs have access to pasture at all times?	0	0	0
5.6.4	If pigs need to be removed from pasture due to extreme weather, does it exceed:			
	a. 5 consecutive days	0	0	0
	b. 25 days throughout a calendar year	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA
6 RODENT AND PREDATOR CONTROL				
6.5.2	Predator Control			
6.2.6	Are live traps checked twice daily and captures released within 24 hours?	0	0	0

		Yes	No	NA		
7 TRAN	7 TRANSPORT (i.e., any animal movement off of the operation or on/around the operation for longer than 2 hours)					
7.6	Transport Duration					
7.6.2	Do you transport market pigs off of your operation?	0	0			
7.8	Sale/Auction Barns					
7.8.1	Do you sell any pigs through sale or auction barns?	0	0			

		Yes	No	NA
9 PLANS	S, PROTOCOLS, PROCEDURES, TRAINING, RECORDS AND TRACEABILITY			
9.5	Other Commercial Animals on the Operation			
9.5.1	Are all other livestock animals on the operation managed according to GAP's Step 1 Standards or higher?	0	0	0
9.6	Domestic Animals on the Operation			
9.6.2	Are all domestic animals (e.g., dogs, cats, horses, goats, chickens, or any other animals on the operation, including both pets and working animals) on-farm given the following? a. Food and water b. An environment that do not cause them injury and allows for exercise and comfortable resting c. Veterinary attention, if required	0	0	0

Records and Documents

All operations, no matter which Step level you are applying for, should complete this section.

Records and documents should be written and organized. Acceptable formats include, but are not limited to, record sheets and cards, calendars, notebooks, and computer documents. If you do not have any records or documents listed here, please check the Pig area of the GAP website for templates to get you started.

Std #	Documer	nt needed for auditor to review	Yes	No	NA
1.3.2	Do you k	eep treatment records?	0	0	
	If Yes	Do your records include:			
		a. Animal or group identification	0	0	
		b. The substance/product administered	0	0	
		c. Date and method of administration	0	0	
D1.7.8	Do you k	eep a record of all pigs that you cull?	0	0	
	If Yes	Do your records include the reason why pigs were culled?	0	0	
2.6.2	If tail biti	ng is an issue on your operation, do you keep a record of it?	0	0	0
2.7.3	Steps 1-4	4 only: If you grind or file milk teeth, do you keep a record?	0	0	0
	If Yes	Do your records include:			
		a. Date of the procedure	0	0	0
		b. Age of the piglets	0	0	0
		c. Number of animals affected	0	0	0
2.14.1	Do you k	eep mortality records?	0	0	
	If Yes	Do you record mortality separately for:			
		a. Pre-weaned piglets	0	0	0
		b. Market pigs	0	0	
		c. Breeding stock	0	0	0
		Do you note the cause of death?	0	0	
2.15.1	If you fin	d a lame pig, do you keep a record of its care and treatment?	0	0	
2.16.1	Do you k	eep farrowing records?	0	0	0
	If Yes	Do you keep them for each individual sow?	0	0	0
		Do your records include:			
		a. Farrowing date	0	0	0
		b. Number of piglets born live	0	0	0
		c. Weaning date	0	0	0
2.16.6	If you have	ve to wean a litter early, do you keep a record?	0	0	0
	If Yes	Do your records include:			
		a. Sow ID	0	0	0
		b. Number of piglets weaned early	0	0	0
		c. Age of piglets at weaning	0	0	0
		d. Reason for early weaning	0	0	0
3.2.2		eep copies of all feed tags/ingredient lists, including vitamin and mineral mixes?	0	0	
4.3.1		e housed, do you assess and record air quality daily?	0	0	0
5.5.4	_	o 5+ Only: Do you keep a record of the age of pigs when they are first given	0	0	0
5.6.1	outdoor access?				
5.6.1,		o 5+ Only: If you take pigs off pasture, do you keep a record?	0	0	0
5.6.3	If Yes	Do your records include: a. The date they are removed	0	0	0

	b. The reason for removal	0	0	0
	c. The date they return to pasture	0	0	0
7.5.1	Do the drivers who transport your pigs have a document that covers their responsibilities			
	during transport?	0	0	0
7.7.1,	If you ship pigs off-farm, do you keep transport records?	0	0	0
7.7.2	If Yes Do your records include:			
	a. Date	0	0	0
	b. Number of pigs transported	0	0	0
	c. Loading start and end times			
	d. Departure and arrival times	0	0	0
	e. Reasons for stops or delays en route	0	0	0
	f. Mortalities	0	0	0
9.1.1	Do you have a written farm plan?	0	0	
	If Yes Does your plan that include:			
	a. An overview of the operation	0	0	
	b. Breed, number, and stocking density of pigs	0	0	
	c. Emergency procedures	0	0	
	d. Nutrition/feeding details	0	0	
	e. Health programs	0	0	
	f. Routine husbandry practices	0	0	
	g. Protocols for sick and injured pigs	0	0	
	h. Outdoor area and pasture management	0	0	
	i. Rodent and predator control practices	0	0	
	j. Management during adverse weather	0	0	
9.2.1	Do you have a biosecurity plan?	0	0	
	If Yes Does your plan that include:			
	a. Procedures for bringing any new or returning pigs on-site	0	0	
	b. Procedures and policies for employees	0	0	
	c. Procedures and policies for visitors	0	0	
	d. Procedures for feed trucks and equipment delivery	0	0	
	e. Policy for shared borders with neighboring operations	0	0	0
	f. Clean-out procedures of housing and pens between groups of pigs	0	0	0
9.4.2	Do you keep a record the initial employee training?	0	0	0
9.4.3	Do you keep a record of any subsequent employee training/retraining?	0	0	0
	If Yes Do your training records include:			
	a. Date of training	0	0	0
	b. Topics covered	0	0	0
9.8.1	If you move pigs, whether on or off your farm, do you keep a record?	0	0	
	If Yes Do you keep records:			
	a. For each group of pigs	0	0	0
	b. That can trace all pigs back to birth	0	0	0
	c. That can trace subsequent movement of all pigs to next destination (i.e.,	0	0	0
0.0.0	to a weaner of finishing operation or slaughter facility)			
9.8.2	Do you keep a chain of custody record for each shipment of pigs?	0	0	0
	If Yes Do your records include:			
	a. Number of pigs transported	0	0	0
	b. Date	0	0	0
	c. Step-rating	0	0	0

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		d. Certificate number	0	0	0
		e. Certificate expiry date	0	0	0
		f. Next destination (i.e. operation, collection, slaughter plant)	0	0	0
		g. Any deviations granted	0	0	0
9.8.3	If you bu	y pigs, do you keep a copy of the previous operation's GAP certificate?	0	0	0